

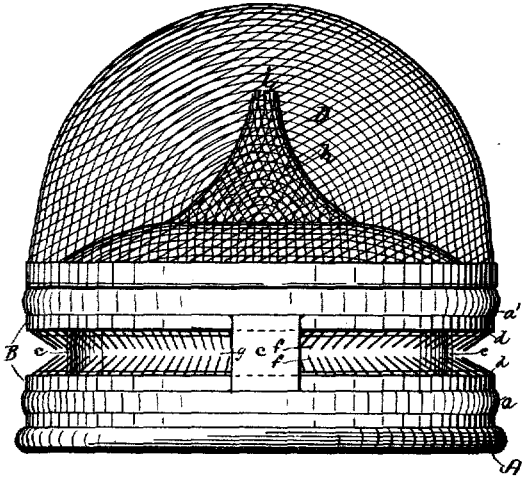
(No Model.)

W. AMOS.  
INSECT TRAP.

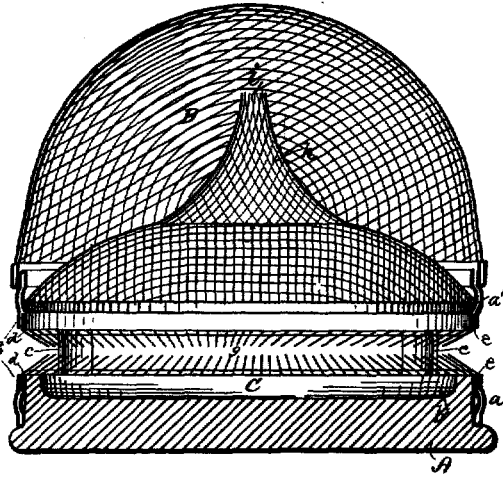
No. 485,077.

Patented Oct. 25, 1892.

*Fig. 1.*



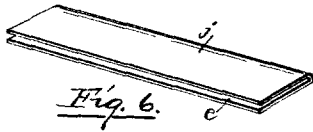
*Fig. 2.*



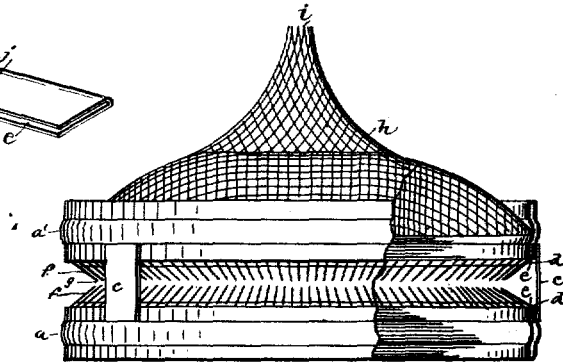
*Fig. 3.*



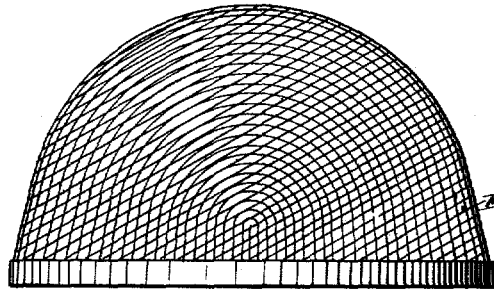
*Fig. 6.*



*Fig. 4.*



*Fig. 5.*



Witnesses.

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM AMOS, OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

## INSECT-TRAP.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 485,077, dated October 25, 1892.

Application filed July 9, 1892. Serial No. 439,498. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, WILLIAM AMOS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Insect-Traps, of which the following is a specification.

My invention consists in the improved construction and arrangement of the parts of the trap, as hereinafter fully set forth.

Figure 1 represents a side elevation of the trap. Fig. 2 represents a vertical section of the same. Fig. 3 represents an edge view of the base-plate with a portion broken away. Fig. 4 represents a side view of the body portion of the trap with a portion broken away. Fig. 5 represents a side view of the removable cover. Fig. 6 represents a perspective view of the folded sheet-metal strip of which the rings are made for the body of the trap.

In the accompanying drawings, A represents the base-plate, which may be made of wood and provided with a recess *b*, adapted to hold a suitable bait for the trap, and upon the base A is removably placed the body portion B, which consists of the metal rings *a a'*, connected to each other by means of the standards *c c c*. The rings *a a'* are preferably made by folding a strip *j* of sheet metal, as shown in Fig. 6, and then soldering the ends of the strip together. A piece of raveled wire-gauze *d* is inserted into the open edge *e* of the strip or ring, suitably fastened therein, and bent so that the ends of the wires *f* of the raveled wire-gauze, attached to each of the rings *a a'*, will project inwardly at an

angle with each other, as shown in Fig. 4, leaving a vertical space *g* between the ends of the wires suitable for the passage of insects into the bait-chamber C of the trap. To the upper ring *a'* is attached the wire-gauze funnel *h*, through the contracted orifice *i* of which the insects will pass from the bait-chamber C into the trap-chamber D, formed by the wire-gauze cover E, which fits the ring *a'*. The trap is thus made accessible in every part, is of simple construction, and very efficient in operation.

I claim as my invention—

1. The combination, with the base-plate and the rings connected by suitable standards, of the raveled wire-gauze secured to the rings, with the uncovered wires of the gauze arranged to project inwardly from the rings to form an inlet-opening at the ends of the wires, substantially as described.

2. The combination, with the base-plate, of the rings connected by suitable standards and provided with the wires projecting inwardly from the rings to form an annular inlet-opening, substantially as described.

3. The combination, with the base-plate and the rings connected by suitable standards and provided with the wires projecting inwardly from the rings to form an annular inlet-opening, of the wire-gauze funnel and the cover forming the trap-chamber, substantially as described.

WILLIAM AMOS.

Witnesses:

SOCRATES SCHOLFIELD,  
JAMES W. BRUMUN.